

### Duties of Trustees of the Poor.

1904, art. 59, sec. 10. 1888, art. 59, sec. 10. 1860, art. 58, sec. 10.  
1826, ch. 197, sec. 4.

10. The trustees of the poor of the several counties and the city of Baltimore shall receive all persons committed to their respective almshouses under the preceding sections and shall provide for their accommodation and support, and the expenses thereof shall be levied upon the counties and the said city respectively.

Cited but not construed in *Devilbiss v. Bennett*, 70 Md. 556.

Ibid. sec. 11. 1888, art. 59, sec. 11. 1860, art. 58, sec. 11.  
1826, ch. 197, sec. 5.

11. Nothing contained in this article shall affect the powers of the courts of equity further than to require that the estate of such lunatic or insane person, if he hath any, shall be chargeable with the expenses of his commitment and confinement.

Cited but not construed in *Devilbiss v. Bennett*, 70 Md. 556.

### The Lunacy Commission.

Ibid. sec. 12. 1888, art. 59, sec. 12. 1886, ch. 487, sec. 13.

12. There shall be a board known under the name of "The Lunacy Commission," which shall have supervision over all institutions, public, corporate or private in which insane persons are detained.

Ibid. sec. 13. 1888, art. 59, sec. 13. 1886, ch. 487, sec. 14.

13. The governor of the State of Maryland shall appoint four commissioners who, with the attorney-general, shall constitute the "lunacy commission" with functions and powers as hereinafter defined.

Ibid. sec. 14. 1888, art. 59, sec. 14. 1886, ch. 487, sec. 15.

14. One of said commissioners as first appointed shall hold office for one year, one for two years, one for three years and one for four years, or until their successors are appointed; all subsequent appointments shall be made by the governor for the period of four years; the governor shall fill all vacancies arising from any cause in said commission.

Ibid. sec. 15. 1888, art. 59, sec. 15. 1886, ch. 487, sec. 16.

15. Three at least of said commission shall be appointed from the city of Baltimore; two of said commission shall be physicians and graduates of some legally authorized medical college and must also have been in actual practice of their profession at least five years consecutively just preceding their appointment; one of said physicians so chosen shall have had at least two years' experience in the treatment of the insane. No member of said commission shall in any way, directly or indirectly, have any pecuniary interest in any place in which the insane are confined or in the management or supplies or treatment of such insane.